Towards Domain-Driven Development: the SmartTools Software Factory

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ABSTRACT

Nowadays, software needs to be more open, flexible, and capable of evolving quickly to meet new user or technology requirements. It should be easy to adapt, even by none computer-specialists. To tackle these challenges for DSL (*Domain-Specific Language*) tools, we have developed a software factory, named SMARTTOOLS ¹.

Categories and Subject Descriptors

D.2.2 [**Design Tools and Techniques**]: [Computer-aided software engineering]; D.2.6 [**Programming Environments**]: [Interactive environments]; D.2.11 [**Software Architectures**]: [Domain-specific architectures]

General Terms

Design, Languages

One of the main ideas behind the design of SMARTTOOLS (and consequently behind the design of the generated DSL tools) is to model the business logic of each concern in a technology-free manner which can then be used to generate plateform-specific code (see Figure 1).

The following four concerns have been taken into consideration:

- The language data definition;
- The semantics analysis frameworks that describe method signatures and traversal;
- The graphical representation of the data;
- And the component that links together all the tools of a DSL.

To offer open and adaptable tools, its design benefits from the following paradigms:

- Generative programming;
- Aspect-Oriented Software Development (AOSD);



Figure 1: MDA approach in SmartTools

- Component programming;
- Model-Driven Architecture (MDA)
- Standard technologies (XML) and patterns (such as visitor design pattern).

SMARTTOOLS is heavily bootstrapped; that is it internally uses its technology to develop its own models. Through the development of these models, our approach in integrating the mentionned paradigms and technologies has been intensively tested and refined. Since then, SMARTTOOLS has been used to produce tools for many diverse languages such as SVG, DTD, XML schema, CSS, WSDL, and BPEL.

The SMARTTOOLS framework represents approximately 100 000 lines of Java source code before the generation stage and 1 000 000 lines after. This ratio shows the efficency of this approach and validates this new development approach based on generative programming.

Before the demonstration, we will present the key features of SMARTTOOLS. Then during the demonstration, we will focus on how to define different tools for a DSL and show, for each concern, the benefits gained from using the mentionned paradigms and technologies. This demonstration is not targeted at only DSL tool developers but also people

¹http://www-sop.inria.fr/smartool/SmartTools

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who want to understand how these new paradigms can be practically integrated into software.

Additional information

• SMARTTOOLS is an open source (GNU Lesser General Public License) based on the Java language and different standard libraries (DOM, Swing, etc.).

Both its executable version and its source code can be downloaded via CVS from http://www-sop.inria.fr/smartool.

• Additional information (articles and presentations) about SMARTTOOLS can also be found on this web page.